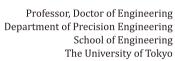
Message IRID has been engaged in developing robots for the nuclear decommissioning since its establishment. Dr. Hajime Asama, a leading person in the robotics field, offers a message.

In the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station (NPS) owned by the Tokyo Electric Power Company (TEPCO) Holdings, Inc., there are still many areas with high-dose radiation, making it difficult for humans to approach the area. Robots and remote-control technologies are therefore crucial for the decommissioning of the TEPCO Fukushima Daiichi NPS.

Up to now, various robots and remotely controlled devices have been utilized for rubble removal, investigation inside buildings (capturing images and measuring radiation dose, etc.), decontamination, and sampling (of dust, contaminated water and concrete core, etc.). Just after the accident, robots for military use and unmanned construction machines were mainly used, but considering the unprecedented requirements for accidents occurring at the nuclear power plant, specialized devices that address particular situations must be developed in order to make progress with specific decommissioning work.

The International Research Institute for Nuclear Decommissioning (IRID) has been involving in developing many of the more than 40 remotely controlled devices that have been utilized so far. Developing remotely controlled devices that can operate stably and complete the assigned surveys and tasks in unknown situations and operating environments is extremely challenging; training is also required for the operators who maneuver the devices. IRID has developed and utilized various devices so far and has successfully accomplished many missions. However, there have, of course, been failures as well. The accumulation of our past experiences, and the various types of expertise which have been acquired with the development of remotely controlled devices will be crucial for the further development.

From now on, the primary focus will be on retrieval of fuel debris. However, it is not only the development of remote control technologies for the retrieval of fuel debris such as cutting and handling of the fuel debris that are required, but also new remote control technologies which assist in the process leading to the retrieval, such as technologies for the investigation of fuel debris and sampling, decontamination, and stopping water leaks. Further development of remotely controlled devices that can conduct surveys and tasks in more complicated, high radioactive and underwater environments will also be demanded. Development of such devices is not an easy task. It is therefore of paramount importance that we gather wisdom and intelligence from around the world to address issues.

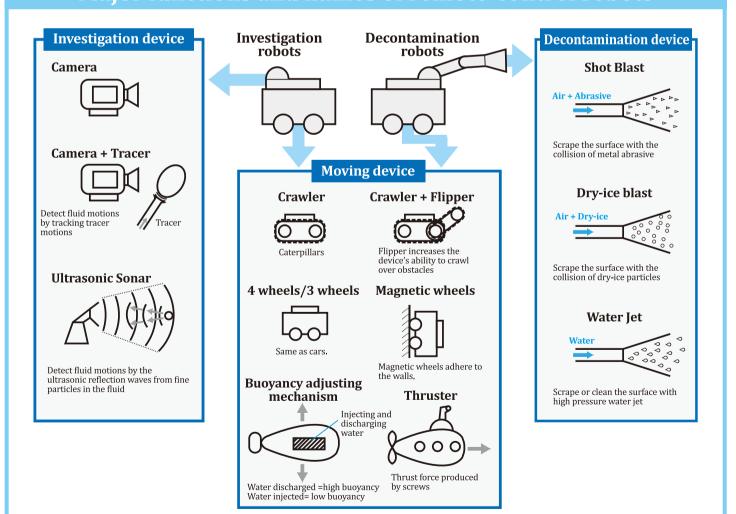






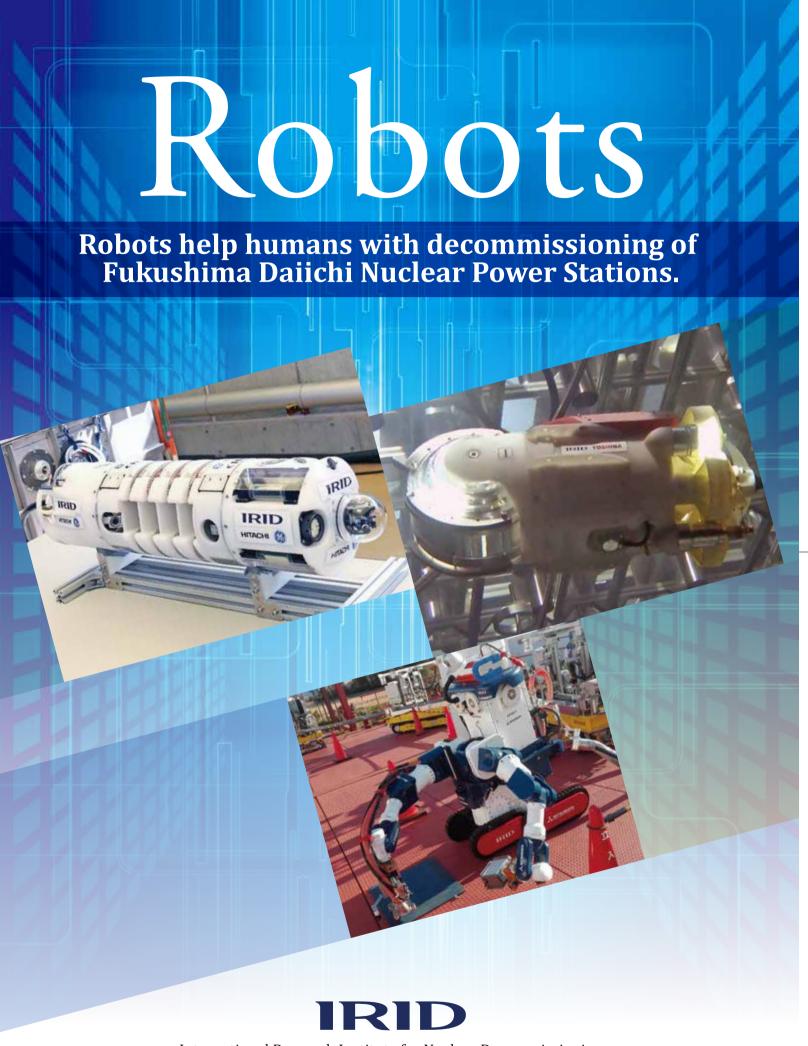
Dr. Hajime Asama

Major functions and names of remote-control robots



IRID

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International Research Institute for Nuclear Decommissioning

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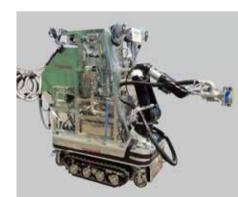
Useful robots that help humans with decommissioning of Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station.

5F (Operating Floor)



Working Robots





Decontamination Device

High Places

Device for High Places

Water Jet Decontamination Device for High Places

Unit 1: Investigation Device for inside Primary Containment Vessel (PCV) (shape-changing robot, PMORPH-1)

Spent Fuel Pool

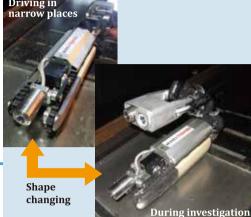
Unit 1: Investigation Device for inside Primary Containment Vessel (PCV) (shape-changing robot, PMORPH-2)



Investigation Robots

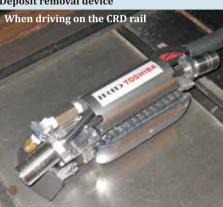
Unit 2: Investigation Device for Primary Containment Vessel (PCV)

A2 investigation robot (Scorpion robot)



Scope of Investigation: Confirming the platform conditions inside the pedestal in PUnit 2 PCV Location of Investigation: On platform inside of the pedestal in the Unit 2 PCV Developed by Toshiba ESS Verification periods: Second half of FY 2016

Deposit removal device



★ Unit 1: Boat-type Access Device with Submersible Functions for Investigation inside PCV (ROV-A)



Unit 3: Investigation Device for inside Primary Containment Vessel (PCV)

Scope of Investigation: Investigation of the conditions inside Unit 3 PCV (damaged conditions in the pedestal). Location of Investigation: Inside the pedestal in Unit 3 PCV Developed by Toshiba ESS Verification periods: First half of FY 2017



Investigation Device for Torus Room Wall Surface (Gengo ROV: Underwater Floating Robot)



Unit 1: Investigation Device for the Upper Part of the Suppression Chamber (S/C) (Tele-runner: Investigation of Upper Part of S/C)



Unit 1: Investigation Devise for Upper Part of Suppression Chamber (S/C) (Tele-runner: Investigation of Torus Room Wall Surface (Sonar))



nvestigation Device for Torus Room Wall Surface (Tri-Diver: The Crawling Robot)





Plate Detaching Device

cks and iron plates ation of Work: 1st floor of the reactor lding in Unit 2

vestigation Device for Connection Part Between Vent Pipe – Dry Well (D/W) (VT-ROV)



to the investigation point adhering to outer surface of vent pipes.
Location of Investigation: Vent pipes in the torus room and the
connection parts of the PCV shell (in the air)
Developed by Toshiba ESS
Verification periods: First half of FY 2014

tigation Device for Sand Cushion Drain Pipe (DL-ROV)



Investigation Device for Lower Outer Surface of Suppression Chamber (S/C) (SC-ROV)

